

2012年度小樽商科大学 春の留学説明会

平成24年4月27日金曜日
午後12時20分から12時40分 多目的ホール

海外留学および 短期語学研修の効用

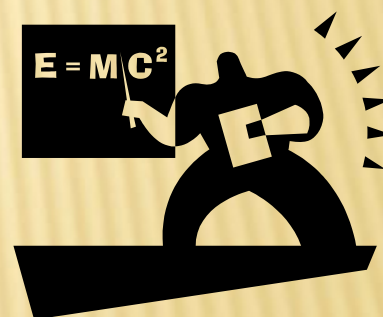
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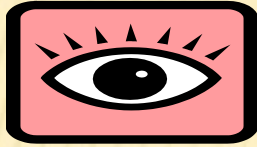
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1: 外国語学習の目標設定



小目標
短期達成値

中目標
中期達成値

大目標
最終達成値



2: 大学卒業までの英語力数値目標

TOEIC
730

ITP
TOEFL
550

STEP
Pre-1st
grade



3: 言語力 = 4技能 + 3領域

	Receptive skill 受信技能	Productive skill 発信技能
Spoken 音声媒体	LISTENING 聴解力	SPEAKING 発話力
Written 文字媒体	READING 読解力	WRITING 作文力

GRAMMAR

文法力

VOCABULARY

語彙力

**COMMUNICATIVE
COMPETENCE**

意思疎通力

4: 第二言語習得の個人差

INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES IN SLA

言語適性

language aptitude

動機付け

motivation

学習方略

learning strategies

年齢差

age

性差

sex

認知スタイル

cognitive styles

性格

personality

知能

intelligence

5: 英語学習から英語使用へ

STEP
Pre-1st Grade

TOEIC
730

TOEFL-ITP
550

英語学習

English Learning

英語の習得を強く意識して進められる計画的行動



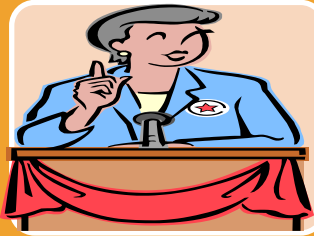
英語使用

English Use

日常生活・業務上の
ニーズから生じる 必然的行動

6: 海外留学の恩恵

THE BENEFITS OF STUDYING ABROAD



言語的恩恵

Linguistic Benefits



学術的恩恵

Academic Benefits



社会的恩恵

Social Benefits

7: 英語圏での英語習得

英語圏で大量に得られる

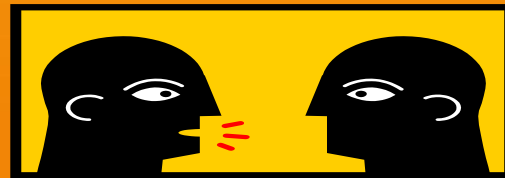
SLAの三種の神器

妥協のない
INPUT



待ったなしの
OUTPUT

予期せぬ展開になる



INTERACTION

THE BENEFITS OF STUDYING ABROAD

Studying abroad has always been one of the choices available to students for improving their language ability. But, recently Japan has experienced a major decline in the number of students studying overseas. Official government figures show that students studying overseas peaked in 2004, with 82,945 Japanese students going abroad to study. Yet, by 2008 that number had dropped to 66,833 as more and more students worried about getting a job after graduation, and in spite of the strong yen which has made study abroad 30% cheaper than when student numbers going abroad peaked.

In terms of language learning, why does study abroad still hold advantages for students learning English or another language? Whether a year abroad, or a short two week home stay, the benefits of going abroad, and putting your language to use, are numerous. (2) However, your success studying abroad depends greatly on the way you prepare for it and what you actually do once you get there. To maximize the benefits of studying abroad, it is important to understand the differences between studying a foreign language in one's home country and studying it as a second language overseas.

What distinguishes language learners studying abroad from those studying at home? Probably the biggest advantage to studying overseas is simply the amount of linguistic input available. If you go to an English speaking country, English is everywhere and the opportunities for interaction are more available than in one's home country. In Japan, once you leave the English classroom life reverts back to Japanese. Overseas, there is less need to seek out opportunities to practice English because you will be living in English.

The benefits of studying abroad can be grouped into three types: linguistic, academic and social. The linguistic benefits are those that increase your ability in the target language. The academic benefits are those that increase your knowledge of subject matter through the target language in the classroom, as well as the cultural understanding that comes from participating in the society. And the social benefits come from the establishment of relationships with those around you, the friends you make both inside and outside of the classroom, relationships that may continue the rest of your life.

Linguistically, overseas learners cannot resort to the L_1 in communication, as few people will understand. They therefore learn coping strategies to deal with unfamiliar situations or words. In other words, they learn to survive. And this is one of the best skills language learners can attain. Learners are also exposed to new dialects, accents, differences in speaking speed, slang, humor and other areas of English they rarely can see in Japan.

Not all Japanese learners can afford the time away or the cost of studying abroad. And there is much that can be done here at home to become a competent speaker of English. And those who do plan to study abroad should prepare as much as possible ahead of time in Japan to help guarantee success abroad. They need to look at the areas where they most have problems in English and try to fix those problems. More importantly, and as has been stressed throughout this book, they must look for opportunities to practice their English both inside and outside of the classroom. Study abroad can be a life-changing experience. But, it is up to the individual to make it so, and that means being open to new experiences and willing to use English at every opportunity.